"Others have seen what is and asked why. I have seen what could be and asked why not" (Pablo Picasso). Explore this distinction with reference to two areas of knowledge.

"其他人看到了那是什麼,並問爲什麼。 我看到了那可能是什麼,並問爲什麼不"。 (巴勃羅·畢加索)。請參考兩個知識領域探討這一區別

image: Pablo Picasso, Girl before a Mirror, 1932.

"There is a sharp line between describing something and offering an explanation of it." To what extent do you agree with this claim?

"在對事物進行描述和做出解釋之間 有一條清晰的界線。" 你在多大程度上同意這一論斷?

Does it matter that your personal circumstances influence how seriously your knowledge is taken?

你的個人境況會影響你的知識被認真對待的程度,這是否重要?

"The role of analogy is to aid understanding rather than to provide justification." To what extent do you agree with this statement?

"類比的作用是幫助理解而 不是提供證明。"你在多大 程度上同意這一說法?



"Given that every theory has its limitations, we need to retain a multiplicity of theories to understand the world." Discuss this claim with reference to two areas of knowledge.

"鑒于每一種理論都有其局限性,我們需要保留多種理論來理解世界。"請參考兩個知識領域討論這一論斷。

image: Rene Magritte Golconda, 1953.

"Present knowledge is wholly dependent on past knowledge." Discuss this claim with reference to two areas of knowledge.



"目前的知識完全依賴以往的知識。" 請參考兩個知識領域討論這一論斷。